



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME :	Sifredicote No. 1, Sif Autobronze
SYNONYMS:	
PRODUCT CODES:	[RR/RS] [01/41] [16/24/32/48], [01/25/50/10]

SUPPLIER:	Weldability Sif	
ADDRESS :	eters House, The Orbital Centre, Icknield Way, Letchworth Garden City,	
	Hertfordshire. SG6 1ET. UK.	
CONTACT PHONE :	+44 (0) 1462 482200	
CONTACT FAX:	+44 (0) 1462 482202	

CHEMICAL NAME :	
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	
CHEMICAL FORMULA:	

PRODUCT USE :	Oxy/Acetylene brazing and welding applications.
PREPARED BY :	Technical Support Team, Weldability Sif

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT:

SUBSTANCE	CAS NO.	% WT	EC NO.	REACH SUBMISSION NO.
Copper	7440-50-8	56-62	231-159-6	PS378310-17
Silicon	7440-21-3	0.50	231-130-8	PS378310-17
Tin	7440-31-5	0.30-1.5	231-141-8	PS378310-17
H3BO3	10043-35-3	2-6	233-139-2	PS378310-17
Na2B4O7	1330-43-4	<3	215-540-4	PS378310-17
Zinc	7440-66-6	Balance	231-175-3	PS378310-17

SECTION 2 NOTES:

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	This product consists of flux coated solid bronze rods. Avoid breathing
	dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this
EMERGENCY	product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the
OVERVIEW:	environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face
	protection. Emergency responders must wear personal protective equipment
	suitable for the situation to which they are responding.

ROUTES OF ENTRY:

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS		
EYES:	Contact with the rod form of this product can be physically damaging to the eye and can cause mild irritation and redness. Fumes generated during brazing operations can be irritating to the eyes.	

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SKIN:	Contact of the rod form of this product with the skin is not expected to be irritating. However, the fumes generated can be irritating to the skin. Symptoms of skin over-exposure may include irritation and redness; prolonged or repeated skin overexposures may lead to allergic contact dermatitis. Contact with the molten rods will burn contaminated skin. Skin absorption is not known to be a significant route of over-exposure for any component of this product.	
INGESTION:	Ingestion of flux powder can cause nausea.	
INHALATION:	Inhalation of large amounts of particulates generated by this product during metal processing operations may result in irritation. Inhalation of copper oxide and zinc oxide fumes can cause metal fume fever. Initial symptoms of metal fume fever can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, dryness or irritation of the throat, and coughing. Further symptoms include sweating, shivering, headache, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, and tiredness. Repeated over-exposure, via inhalation, to the dusts or fumes generated by this product during brazing operations may have adverse effects on the lungs with possible pulmonary edema and emphysema. Chronic over-exposure to copper dust may cause tiredness, stuffiness, diarrhoea, and vomiting.	
INJECTION:	Though not a likely route of occupational exposure, injection (via punctures or lacerations in the skin) may cause local reddening, tissue swelling, and discomfort.	
ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS:	The chief acute health hazard associated with this product would be the potential for irritation of contaminated skin and eyes when exposed to fumes during brazing operations. Inhalation of large amounts of particulates generated by this product during metal processing operations may result in irritation. Inhalation of copper oxide and zinc oxide fumes can cause metal fume fever. Inhalation of large amounts of particulates generated by this product during metal processing operations can result in pneumoconiosis. Contact with the molten material will burn contaminated skin or eyes. Severe over-exposure to copper (a component of this product) via ingestion may be fatal.	
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS:	Chronic skin over-exposure to the fumes of this product during brazing operations may produce dermatitis. Chronic over-exposure to copper dust may cause tiredness, stuffiness, diarrhoea, vomiting, kidney and liver disorder and discolouration of the skin and eyes. Additionally, rare cases of allergic contact dermatitis have been reported in people working with copper dust.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:	Skin, respiratory disorders and pancreas and liver disorders may be aggravated by prolonged over-exposure to the dusts or fumes generated by these products.	
TARGET ORGANS:	For fumes: skin, eyes, respiratory system, kidneys and liver.	

CARCINOG	ENICITY				
OSHA:		ACGIH:	NTP:	IARC:	
OTHER:					

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES:	If fumes enter the eyes, open the affected eye and rinse for a minimum of fifteen minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Then consult a doctor.
SKIN:	Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Begin decontamination with running water. If molten material contaminates the skin, immediately run under cold water for a minimum of fifteen minutes. Seek medical attention if any adverse reaction occurs.
INGESTION:	Call for a doctor immediately and provide fresh air. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Rinse mouth with water only if the person is conscious.
INHALATION:	Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist. In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.
NOTES TO PHYSICIANS OR FIRST AID	

SECTION 5 : FIRE-F	IGHTING ME	ASURES		
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, UPPER:	<u></u>			
(% BY VOLUME) LOWER:		_	_	
FLASH POINT:	Not flamma	ıble		
F:				
C:				
METHOD USED:				
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:				
F:				_
C:				
NFPA HAZARD CLASS	SIFICATION			
HEALTH:		FLAMMABILITY:	REACTIVITY:	
OTHER:				
HMIS HAZARD CLASSI	IFICATION	·		
HEALTH:		FLAMMABILITY:	REACTIVITY:	
PROTECTION:				
TYTING HOLING MEDI	-	Turi de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del compan	to the anadiavida or	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTIN		Water spray, naion, dry or	nemical, carbon dioxide or	foam spray.
PROCEDURES:				
UNUSUAL FIRE AND E HAZARDS:	XPLOSION			
HAZARDOUS DECOME	POSITION			
PRODUCTS:				
SECTION 6 : ACCID	ENTAL RELE	ASE MEASURES		
		Brush loose flux powder in	nto a suitable container. R	e-use or dissolve
ACCIDENTAL RELEAS	F MF4SURES:	in water and wash resulting	ng solution down drain with	excess of running
ACCIDENTAL HELE, IS	E IVILAGOTILO.	· •	quipment while handling. [o not discard as
		refuse.		
SECTION 7 : HANDL	ING AND ST	OBAGE		
DECTION / . TIANDI	ING AND ST	JRAGE		
		As with all chemicals, avo	id getting this product on y	ou or in vou.
		Wash thoroughly after har	ndling this product. Do not	east or drink
		while handling this produc	t. Use in a well ventilated	location. Use
····		ventilation and other engir	neering controls to minimis	
HANDLING AND STOR				
	AGE:	exposure to this product.		
	AGE:	should be trained to handl	le it safely. Avoid breathing	g fumes of this
	AGE:	should be trained to handle product during brazing op-		g fumes of this on a stable

PROVIDERS

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:	Store packages in a cool, dry location. Storage in an atmosphere that is wet, moist, or highly humid may lead to corrosion of this product.
OTHER PRECACTIONS.	Store away from incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area. Prudent practice is to ensure eyewash/safety shower stations are available near areas where this product is used.
VENTILATION:	Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the recommended limits.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below guidelines listed in Section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients). If respiratory protection is needed (i.e., a Weld Fume Respirator, or Air-Line Respirator for welding in confined spaces), use only protection compliant with EN12941 or EN149.
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety glasses. When this product is used in conjunction with welding, wear safety glasses, goggles, or face-shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number under EN169.
SKIN PROTECTION:	Wear gloves for routine industrial use. When this product is used in conjunction with welding, wear gloves that protect from sparks and flame.
OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:	Wear body protection appropriate for task. Ensure all PPE meets appropriate EN or local standards.
WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:	As with all chemicals, avoid getting this product on you or in you. Wash hands after handling this product. Do not eat or drink while handling this product. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Use ventilation and other engineering controls to minimize potential exposure to this product.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE:	White flux-coated bronze rods
ODOUR:	Odourless
PHYSICAL STATE:	
pH AS SUPPLIED:	
pH (Other):	7 in water
BOILING POINT:	2595℃
F:	
C:	
MELTING POINT:	1600-1900℃
F:	
C:	
FREEZING POINT:	
F:	
C:	
VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg):	
F:	
C:	
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): @	

F:	
C:	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1):	
@ F:	
F: C:	
EVAPORATION RATE:	
BASIS(=1):	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	
PERCENT SOLIDS BY WEIGHT:	
PERCENT VOLATILE:	
BY WT/ BY VOL @	
F:	
C:	
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC):	
WITH WATER: LBS/GAL	
WITHOUT WATER: LBS/GAL	
MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	
VISCOSITY:	
@	
F:	
C:	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

	<u>STABLE</u>	<u>UNSTABLE</u>
STABILITY:	Stable	

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY):	
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):	Strong acids, strong oxidisers, some halogenated compounds.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS:	Thermal decomposition products can include copper and zinc compounds and a variety of metal oxides.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Will not occur.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID (POLYMERIZATION):	Uncontrolled exposure to extreme temperatures, incompatible materials.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:	
RISK PHRASES:	
SAFETY PHRASES:	7 Keep container tightly closed and dry.
SYMBOL(S):	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:	N
RISK PHRASES:	50/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
SAFETY PHRASES:	61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions
SYMBOL(S):	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:	Dispose in accordance with local authority regulations. See section 6 for small spills.
RCRA HAZARD CLASS:	

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD TRANSPORTATION	
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	
HAZARD CLASS:	Not applicable.
UN/ID NUMBER:	
PACKING GROUP:	
LABEL STATEMENT:	

WATER TRANSPORTATION	
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	
HAZARD CLASS:	Not applicable.
UN/ID NUMBER:	
PACKING GROUP:	
LABEL STATEMENTS:	

AIR TRANSPORTATION	
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	
HAZARD CLASS:	Not applicable.
UN/ID NUMBER:	
PACKING GROUP:	
LABEL STATEMENTS:	

OTHER TRANSPORT	
CONSIDERATIONS:	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

RISK PHRASES	SAFETY PHRASES	INDICATION(S) OF DANGER	WATER HAZARD CLASS
50, 53	7, 61		N

CHEMICAL INVENTORY: Substances in this preparation are on the EINECS inventory
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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

OTHER INFORMATION:	The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials in any other process.
PREPARATION INFORMATION:	

For further information, contact Weldability | Sif technical support on 0870 330 7757 or email service@wholeweld.co.uk

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